**Step 1, watch the video in the following link:**

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| **GALANTER’S VIEWS ON LAW AS APPLIED TO THE FILM “OUTLAWED IN PAKISTAN”** Please watch it on Omni <https://ocul-wlu.primo.exlibrisgroup.com/permalink/01OCUL_WLU/16h6n2s/alma9953313153705156> <https://fod-infobase-com.libproxy.wlu.ca/p_ViewVideo.aspx?xtid=58678&tScript=0>Sign in info:Account: meng7050Password: Myx20000310 |

**Step 2, read the reading below.**

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| **Reading “**…Higher Law & Local Practice” (Reader: pp. 47-50), excerpt from *Law and Society in Modern India* (1989).**The reading above is uploaded as reading.doc** |

**Next, following the instructions below, complete a 2-page table.**

Galanter’s view of law is not narrow or technical. To the contrary, it is one that considers the social and cultural milieu in which legal activity takes place…To find the law in India, we must look beyond the records of the legislatures and the higher courts to the working of Lawyers and the Police, the proceedings of the lower courts, to the operation of informal tribunals, and to popular notions of legality” (p.4).

But finding “the law” is not the primary goal of Galanter’s work. While he presents formal legal materials in the social and political contexts in which they are embedded, the aim of the analysis is more to throw light on those contexts than it is to explicate or explain the law.

IN SHORT UNDERSTANDING LAW IS NOT ENOUGH. WE NEED TO LOOK AT ITS OPERATION ON THE GROUND INCLUDING SOCIAL AND CULTURAL CONTEXTS.

**Use the documentary on a legal case of gender-based violence in Pakistan and fill the columns provided under each category. You can expand on the categories you think are relevant. The table is just a model. Your answers must be in point form.**

See the table on next page---

**Categories** **Responses (workings of these components in relation to the case)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Law (on rape) & other relevant laws(legal pluralism) |  |
| Judges’ biases, values (**halo effect**); how impressions can affect our judgement on an unrelated issue (e.g., a person is found guilty of a drug charge because the person is also a homeless person). |  |
| High Courts involvement if any |  |
| Low Courts |  |
| Police handling of case |  |
| Informal Tribunals if any |  |
| Popular Justice |  |
| Cultural Beliefs  |  |
| Gender Implications | ` |
| ChallengesYou think exist for getting justice |  |
| Your Conclusions  |  |